

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Addease COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1430 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.webjo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/081,274	02/21/2002	Ken Masumitsu	JP920000471US1	9785
	7590 04/27/2010 ON & LEWIS, LLP	EXAM	UNER	
1300 POST RO			CHOWDHURY, SUMAIYA A	
SUITE 205 FAIRFIELD, C	T 06824		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2421	
			MAIL DATE 04/27/2010	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)  MASUMITSU ET AL.			
10/081,274				
Examiner	Art Unit			
SUMAIYA A. CHOWDHURY	2421			

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS,

WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed

earned patent term adjustment.	See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

- If - Fa Ar	ter SIX (b) MON I HS from the mailing date of this con NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum ailure to reply within the set or extended period for rep by reply received by the Office later than three months uned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	statutory period will apply and will expi bly will, by statute, cause the applications after the mailing date of this communi				
Status						
1)∑	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on <u>27 January 2010</u> .				
2a)	This action is FINAL.	2b) This action is non-f	inal.			
3)□	Since this application is in condition	n for allowance except for f	ormal matters, prosecution as to the merits is			
	closed in accordance with the prac	tice under Ex parte Quayle	, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Dispos	ition of Claims					
4)∑	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,6 and 8-19</u> is/are pe	ending in the application.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
-	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,6 and 8-19</u> is/are re	jected.				
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	d-41				
8)L	Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or election requi	rement.			
Applica	ation Papers					
9)[	The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.				
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e: a) accepted or b) accepted or b)	bjected to by the Examiner.			
	Applicant may not request that any obj	ection to the drawing(s) be he	eld in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	ng the correction is required if	the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)[	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. Note to	he attached Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority	v under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12)[	Acknowledgment is made of a clain	n for foreign priority under 3	35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
á	a) All b) Some * c) None of:					
	<ol> <li>Certified copies of the priorit</li> </ol>	y documents have been re	ceived.			
	<ol><li>Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li></ol>					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
	application from the Internat	*	. ,,			
,	See the attached detailed Office act	ion for a list of the certified	copies not received.			
Attachm	ent(s)					
	tice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Interview Summary (PTO-413)			
	tice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review ormation Disclosure Statement(s) (FTC/SB/08		Paper No(s)/Mail Date Notice of Informal Patent Application.			
	per No(s)/Mail Date		Other:			
S. Patent an	d Trademark Office					

Art Unit: 2421

#### DETAILED ACTION

### Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments filed 1/27/10 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- (a) Applicant argues that the prior art fails to disclose "wherein the probability is determined from at least one of a plurality of frequencies, each of the frequencies indicating how often a characteristic value occurs in the content segment".

The Examiner disagrees. Dudkiewicz discloses if a user is interested in basketball, any program which has the metadata Sports, Basketball, Houston Rockets, and Yao Ming would have a high probability in that Basketball, Houston Rockets, and Yao Ming are all associated with basketball. Hence, a characteristic value being basketball in this case occurs frequently within a content segment. Conversely, if a program has the metadata Basketball and Babe Ruth, the program would have a low probability since there is only one basketball characteristic value in the program. – [0020]-[0026].

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/081,274
Art Unit: 2421

 Claims 1-3, 5-6, 12-16, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dudkiewicz (US 2005/0172318) in view of Buehl (US 2002/0104093), Rui (7028325), and Abecassis.

Regarding claim 1, Dudkiewicz discloses a content digest system comprising: a content provider (metadata distributor 180), wherein the content provider furnishes meta data describing content to a digest server (programming event provider 184); - [0149];

the digest server (184) comprising a content digest for the content ([0149], [0150]), wherein the digest server converts the meta data into characteristic values (metadata is converted into keywords; [0080], [0082]), wherein the digest server calculates an importance level for each of a plurality of content segments ([0102], [0103], [0021], [0026]), wherein each of the plurality of content segments correspond to at least one of the characteristic values ([0102], [0103], [0021], [0026]), and wherein the digest server generates the content digest by using the importance levels ([0022], [0149], [0150]), the content digest comprising at least one of the content segments, wherein said importance level is a degree of importance ([0022], [0149], [0150]); and

a client, wherein the client receives the content digest ([0022], [0149], [0150]), wherein the client includes a user profile having user profile content scores for at least one rated content segment for a user, and wherein the digest server calculates importance levels for the at least one rated content segment based on a probability and

Art Unit: 2421

based on the current determined content score for the at least one rated content segment, a user profile content score for the at least one rated content segment, or both the current determined content score and the user profile content score, wherein the probability is determined from at least one of a plurality of frequencies, each of the frequencies indicating how often a characteristic value occurs in the content segment (specificity of content; For example, if a user is interested in basketball, any program which has the metadata Sports, Basketball, Houston Rockets, and Yao Ming would have a high probability in that Basketball, Houston Rockets, and Yao Ming are all associated with basketball. Hence, a characteristic value being basketball in this case occurs frequently within a content segment. Conversely, if a program has the metadata Basketball and Babe Ruth, the program would have a low probability since there is only one basketball characteristic value in the program. – [0020]-[0026], [0149], [0150], [0080], [0082], [0091]-[0093]).

However, Dudkiewicz discloses the content provider furnishes metadata to a digest server as discussed above, but fails to disclose the content provider comprises content and also furnishes content to the digest server. Dudkiewicz further fails to disclose the content digest comprising at least two of the content segments sorted along a time axis based on said importance level, and wherein a user rates a viewed content segment.

In an analogous art, Buehl discloses that the content provider comprises content and metadata and furnishes content and metadata to the digest server (headend 30); [0029].

Art Unit: 2421

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Dudkiewicz's invention to include the above mentioned limitation, as taught by Buehl, for the advantage of allowing the digest server to determine what to do with the content once it arrives at the digest server.

However, Dudkiewicz and Buehl fails to disclose:

the content digest comprising at least two of the content segments sorted along a time axis based on said importance level.

wherein a user rates a viewed content segment.

In an analogous art, Rui discloses:

A content digest is generated based on the portions determined to be "exciting segments" and based on the user-desired summary presentation time. For example, if a user wants a 20 minute summary of a program which is about an hour long, the system will filter out the least important or least exciting segments to fit the 20 minute time interval. The 20 minute summary of the segments determined to be important are then presented to the user in sequential order. The content segments are sorted along a time axis in the sense that unimportant content is filtered out, and that the next important segment in sequence is displayed. (col. 6, lines 30-45, col. 7, lines 9-38, col. 14, line 66-col. 15, line 46).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Dudkiewicz and Buehl's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Rui, for the advantage of reducing the time the user spends viewing a program.

Art Unit: 2421

However, Dudkiewicz, Buehl, and Rui fail to disclose:

wherein a user rates a viewed content segment.

In an analogous art, Abecassis discloses:

Wherein a user rates at least one viewed content segment (col. 58, lines 44-51).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Dudkiewicz, Buehl, and Rui's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Abecassis, for the advantage of allowing the user to actively rate content, thereby providing the system a better analysis of the user's preferences.

Regarding claim 2, Dudkiewicz teaches wherein the digest server uses determined content scores, which correspond to characteristic values, for each of the content segments to determine the importance levels ([0149], [0150]).

Regarding claims 3 and 6, Dudkiewicz discloses wherein the digest server determines a current determined content score for a current content segment based on determined content scores for similar content segments, the similar content segments determined through a measure comparing frequencies of a plurality of characteristic values for the current content segment with frequencies of a plurality of characteristic values for previously rated (score user assigns in profile [0092]) content segments (specificity of content; For example, metadata including the keywords sports, football,

Art Unit: 2421

and football team name, can count as having frequent sports characteristic values. [0112], [0149], [0150, [0021], [0026], [0077], [0082], [0091]-[0093]). Abecassis discloses wherein the content is previously shown content—col. 58, lines 44-51.

Claim 5 contains the limitations of claim 1 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim 1. Claim 5 additionally discloses the following which Dudklewicz discloses:

importance level estimation means for estimating an importance level for each of a plurality of content segments; and update means for updating, based on the user profile, the importance level of at least one of the plurality of content segments ([0092], [0150]).

Claims 12 and 13 contain the limitations of claims 1, 3, and 18 and are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to those claims.

Claim 14 contains the limitations of claims 1-3 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to those claims.

Regarding claim 15, see claim analysis of claim 3.

Art Unit: 2421

Regarding claim 16, Abecassis teaches the claimed video digest generation method, wherein the determined content scores are based on user profiles obtained for multiple users who have viewed and listened to the video digest (col. 58, lines 44-51);

Regarding claim 17, Abecassis teaches the claimed video digest generation method, wherein the video digest is generated by selecting a predetermined number of scenes based on a video digest time length received from a user to whom the video digest is to be distributed (col. 57, lines 7-24).

 Claims 8-11, and 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dudkiewicz in view of Rui.

Claim 8 contains the limitations of claim 1 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to that claim. However, claim 8 fails to disclose a video digest data generator, for selecting, based on the importance levels, a predetermined number of scenes, for sorting the selected scenes along a time axis based on the importance levels

In an analogous art, Rui teaches:

A video digest data generator, for selecting, based on the importance levels, a predetermined number of scenes, for sorting the selected scenes along a time axis based on the importance levels (col. 6, lines 30-45, col. 7, lines 9-38, col. 14, line 66-col. 15. line 46):

Art Unit: 2421

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Dudkiewicz's invention to include the above mentioned limitation, as taught by Rui, for the advantage of displaying desired content and omitting undesired content to fit the user's desired schedule or desired programming duration.

Claim 9 contains the limitations of claim 3 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to that claim.

Claim 10 contains the limitations of claim 4 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to that claim.

Claim 11 contains the limitations of claims 1 and 8 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to those claims.

Regarding claim 18, Dudkiewicz teaches:

transmitting a user profile that includes information for content desired by a user, information for a video digest for viewing and listening [0092], [0093];

receiving a video digest comprising multiple scenes, that constitute content, and metadata included in each of the scenes, wherein said video digest is created based on a processor-generated importance level for each of a plurality of content segments, and wherein said importance level is a degree of importance [0150], wherein the client

Art Unit: 2421

receives the content digest ([0022], [0149], [0150]), wherein the client includes a user profile having user profile content scores for at least one rated content segment for a user, and wherein the digest server calculates importance levels for the at least one rated content segment based on a probability and based on the current determined content score for the at least one rated content segment, a user profile content score for the at least one rated content segment, or both the current determined content score and the user profile content score, wherein the probability is determined from at least one of a plurality of frequencies, each of the frequencies indicating how often a characteristic value occurs in the content segment (specificity of content; For example, if a user is interested in basketball, any program which has the metadata Sports, Basketball, Houston Rockets, and Yao Ming would have a high probability in that Basketball, Houston Rockets, and Yao Ming are all associated with basketball. Hence, a characteristic value being basketball in this case occurs frequently within a content segment, Conversely, if a program has the metadata Basketball and Babe Ruth, the program would have a low probability since there is only one basketball characteristic value in the program. - [0020]-[0026], [0149], [0150], [0080], [0082], [0091]-[0093]).

However Dudkiewicz fails to disclose:

User indicates preferred video digest time length; and

Receiving video digest sorted along a time axis based on a processor-generated importance level;

In an analogous art, Rui discloses:

A I LL-'' 0404

Art Unit: 2421

User indicates preferred video digest time length; and receiving video digest sorted along a time axis based on a processor-generated importance level (col. 6, lines 30-45, col. 7, lines 9-38, col. 14, line 66-col. 15, line 46);

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Dudkiewicz's invention to include the above mentioned limitation, as taught by Rui, for the advantage of allowing the user to have content customized according to his schedule or desired programming duration.

Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dudkiewicz and Rui as applied to claim 18 above, and further in view of Abecassis.

Regarding claim 19, Dudkiewicz and Rui fail to disclose information that is obtained from the user as a result of viewing and listening to the video digest.

In an analogous art, Abecassis teaches the claimed step of transmitting information that is obtained from the user as a result of viewing and listening to the video digest (col. 58, lines 44-51).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Dudkiewicz and Rui's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Abecassis, for the advantage of allowing the system to automatically customize a video for the user.

#### Conclusion

Art Unit: 2421

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SUMAIYA A. CHOWDHURY whose telephone number is (571)272-8567. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 9-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Miller can be reached on (571) 272-7353. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/081,274
Art Unit: 2421

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/John W. Miller/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2421

/Sumaiya A Chowdhury/ Examiner, Art Unit 2421